Switching Power Supplies

## PS6R



Reduced size and high efficiency cuts operating costs.


- See website for details on approvals and standards.


## Energy-saving

93\% Efficiency*
Highly efficient saving energy and cost, improving productivity!

* When the input is 230 V AC.



## Space-saving

The slimmest switching power supplies in their class ( 37 mm -wide, 120W model)


## Highly Reliable

Wide operating temperature range enables stable continuous operation.
Operation without derating from0 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
Wide operating temperature range: -10 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.


Output voltages can be added or branched easily.
Less wiring reduces overall cost.

DC-DC Converter Unit
In addition to a single output, an additional 10 W output can be provided.

## Required space comparison (480W model) <br> 

Reduces labor and improves safety


Captive spring-up screws will not be lost. Ring or fork terminals can be connected quickly and easily.


Terminals cannot be touched (IP20 construction), preventing electric shocks.

Expansion Terminal Unit
Two terminals for wiring can be added, reduces wiring and installation space.


Easy Maintenance
LED Indicator
LED indicators make maintenance easy.

| Status | Normal | Overload or Input <br> Voltage Low (Note) | Output <br> Short-circuit | Output <br> OFF |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC ON (green LED) |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |
| DC Low (amber LED) |  |  |  |  |

Note: The LEDs go on when the input voltage drops.

## PS6R Switching Power Supplies

High-power and space-saving switching power supplies.
$93 \%$ efficiency reduces running costs.
PS6R Package Quantity: 1

Note: Output voltage $\times$ output current $\leq$ output capacity

## Accessories

| LED Illumination | Item | Part No. | Package Quantity | Note |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Controllers | DC-DC Converter Unit (Note 1) | PS9Z-6RM1 | 1 | Output: +5V, 2A, 10W |
| Operator |  | PS9Z-6RM2 |  | Output: +12V, 1A, 12W |
| Interfaces |  | PS9Z-6RM3 |  | Output: $+5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~A} /-5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~A}, 10 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Sensors |  | PS9Z-6RM4 |  | Output: +15V, $0.4 \mathrm{~N} /-15 \mathrm{~V}, 0.4 \mathrm{~A}, 12 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| AUTO-ID |  | PS9Z-6RM5 |  | Output: $+5 \mathrm{~V}, 1 \mathrm{~A} /+12 \mathrm{~V}, 0.5 \mathrm{~A}, 11 \mathrm{~W}$ |
|  |  | PS9Z-6RM6 |  | Output: +12V, $0.5 \mathrm{~A} /-12 \mathrm{~V}, 0.5 \mathrm{~A}, 12 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| PS5R-V | Expansion Terminal Unit (Note 2) | PS9Z-6RS1 | 1 | Additional screw terminals for wiring: $2+$ terminals / 2 - terminals |
|  | Panel Mounting Bracket | PS9Z-6R1F | 1 |  |
| PS6R | Side-mount Panel Mounting Bracket (Note 3) | PS9Z-6R2F | 1 | Supplied with M3 $\times 6$ countersunk mounting screws |
|  | Terminal Protection Cap | PS9Z-6CPN05 | 5 | Used to cover the connection part of DC-DC converter unit/expansion terminal unit and PS6R. |
|  | DIN Rail | BAA1000PN10 | 10 | Material: Aluminum, Weight: 200g |
|  |  | BAP1000PN10 |  | Material: Steel plated, Weight: 320g |
|  | End Clip | BNL6PN10 | 10 | Applicable rail: BAA,BAP, Weight: approx. 15 g |

Note 1: When using a DC-DC converter unit, reduce 1A from the output current of the PS6R.
Note 2: When using a expansion terminal unit, the total voltage/current of PS6R and the expansion terminal unit should not exceed the rated current/voltage of PS6R. Note 3: Use this mounting bracket when the switching power supply needs to comply with marine certification.

## Specifications

PS6R

| Part No. |  |  | PS6R-F24 (120W) | PS6R-G24 (240W) | PS6R-J24 (480W) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Input Voltage (Note 1) (Note 2) |  |  | 100 to 240V AC (Voltage range: 85 to 264V AC/110 to 350V DC) |  |  |
| Frequency |  |  | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  |  |
| 吉 | Input Current (Typical) | 100V AC | 1.4A | 2.7A | 5.5A |
|  |  | 230 VAC | 0.7A | 1.2A | 2.3A |
|  | Inrush Current | 100 V AC | $9 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}$. ( $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, at cold start) |  |  |
|  |  | 230 V AC | $20 \mathrm{~A} \mathrm{max}$. . (Ta=25 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, at cold start) |  |  |
|  | Leakage Current | 120 V AC | 0.5 mA max. |  |  |
|  |  | 230 V AC | 1 mA max. |  |  |
|  | Efficiency (Typical) (Note 3) | 100 VAC | 90\% | 90\% | 91\% |
|  |  | 230 VAC | 90\% | 91\% | 93\% |
|  | Power Factor (Typical) | 100 V AC | 0.99 | 0.99 | 0.98 |
|  |  | 230 VAC | 0.96 | 0.97 | 0.97 |
|  | Rated Voltage/Current |  | 24V/5A | 24V/10A | 24V/20A |
|  | Adjustable Voltage Range |  | $\pm 10 \%$ |  |  |
|  | Output Holding Time |  | $20 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{min}$. . (at rated input and output) |  |  |
|  | Start Time (Note 4) |  | $800 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. (at rated input and output) |  |  |
|  | Rise Time |  | 200ms max. (at rated input and output) |  |  |
|  | Regulation | Total Fluctuation | $\pm 5 \%$ max. |  |  |
|  |  | Input Fluctuation | 0.4\% max. |  |  |
|  |  | Load Fluctuation | 0.6\% max. |  |  |
|  |  | Temperature Change | $0.05 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ max. ( -10 to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |
|  |  | Ripple (including noise) | 1\% p-p max. ( 0 to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1.5\% p-p max. (-10 to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |
| Supplementary Functions |  | Overcurrent Protection | 105 to 120\% (auto reset) (output current when voltage drops by 5\%) |  |  |
|  |  | Overvoltage Protection | Output off at 120\% (Note 5) |  |  |
|  |  | Operation Indicator | LED (green) |  |  |
|  |  | Voltage Low Indication | LED (amber) |  |  |
| Dielectric Strength |  | Between input and output terminals | 3000 V AC, 1 minute |  |  |
|  |  | Between input and ground terminals | 2000V AC, 1 minute |  |  |
|  |  | Between output and ground terminals | 500 V AC, 1 minute |  |  |
| Insulation Resistance |  |  | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. 500 V DC megger (between input and output terminals/between input and ground terminals) (at room temperature and normal humidity) |  |  |
| Operating Temperature |  |  | -10 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (no freezing) (Note 2) |  |  |
| Operating Humidity |  |  | 20 to 90\% RH (no condensation) |  |  |
| Storage Temperature |  |  | -25 to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (no freezing) |  |  |
| Storage Humidity |  |  | 20 to 90\% RH (no condensation) |  |  |
| Vibration Resistance |  |  | 10 to 55 Hz , amplitude 0.375 mm (using one BNL6 each on the right and left of the PS6R) 2 hours each in 3 axes, 6 directions |  |  |
| Shock Resistance |  |  | $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\left(150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}\right.$ when using a PS9Z-6R1F panel mounting bracket), 3 times each in 6 directions (using one BNL6 each on the right and left of the PS6R) |  |  |
| EMC |  | EMI | EN61204-3 (Class B) |  |  |
|  |  | EMS | EN61204-3 (industrial) |  |  |
| Safety Standards |  |  | UL508 (UL listed), ANSI/ISA 12.12.01, CSA C22.2 No. 107.1, No. 213 (c-UL listed), IEC/EN60950-1, EN50178 |  |  |
| Marine Standards (Note 6) |  |  | ABS, DNV-GL (formerly GL) |  |  |
| Other Standard |  |  | SEMI F47 (208V AC inpu only) |  |  |
| Degree of Protection |  |  | IP20 (IEC 60529) |  |  |
| Dimensions (mm) |  |  | $125 \mathrm{H} \times 37 \mathrm{~W} \times 125 \mathrm{D}$ | $125 \mathrm{H} \times 60 \mathrm{~W} \times 125 \mathrm{D}$ | $125 \mathrm{H} \times 85 \mathrm{~W} \times 125 \mathrm{D}$ |
| Weight (approx.) |  |  | 630 g | 960 g | 1400 g |
| Terminal Screw |  |  | M3.5 |  |  |

Note 1: Input voltage approved by safety standards is 100 to 240 V AC. DC input is not approved by safety standards.
Note 2: For output derating curves and operating temperature approved by safety standards, see J-020.
Note 3: Under stable state.
Note 4: At light load, electric charge may remain inside the power supply after the power has turned off. Turn on the power after sufficient interval.
Note 5: Turn on the power 1 minute after the AC input is shut down.
Note 6: Use a side-mount panel mounting bracket (PS9Z-6R2F).
PS6R-J24 switching power supply needs a noise filter at the input (FN2070-10-06 made by SCHAFFNER)

## PS6R Switching Power Supplies



Accessories (For use with PS6R)

| Part No. |  |  | DC-DC Converter Unit (Note 5) |  |  |  |  |  | Expansion Terminal Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | PS9Z-6RM1 | PS9Z-6RM2 | PS9Z-6RM3 | PS9Z-6RM4 | PS9Z-6RM5 | PS9Z-6RM6 | PS9Z-6RS1 |
| Output Capacity |  |  | 10W max. | 12W max. | 10W max. | 12W max. | 11W max. | 12W max. | - |
| Output | Rated Voltage/Current |  | 5V/2A | 12V/1A | $\pm 5 \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{~A}$ | $\pm 15 \mathrm{~V} / 0.4 \mathrm{~A}$ | 5V/1A, $12 \mathrm{~V} / 0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ | $\pm 12 \mathrm{~V} / 0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ | 24V/10A max. (Note 1) |
|  | Adjustable Voltage Range |  | Not available |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Voltage Accuracy |  | $\pm 5 \%$ max. |  |  |  |  |  | - |
|  | Start Time (Note 6) |  | $200 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. (at rated output) |  |  |  |  |  | - |
|  |  | Input Fluctuation | 0.5\% max. |  |  |  |  |  | - |
|  |  | Load Fluctuation | 1.0\% max. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Temperature Change | 0.05\%/max. ( -10 to $+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Ripple (including noise) | 100mV max. | 150mV max. | 100mV max. | 150mV max. | 100mV max., 150 mV max. | 150mV max. |  |
| Supplementary Functions | Overcurrent Protection |  | 105\% (auto reset) |  |  |  |  |  | - |
|  | Overvoltage Protection |  | Output off at 120\% (Note 2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Temperature |  |  | -10 to $+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (no freezing) (Note 3) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating Humidity |  |  | 20 to 90\%RH (no condensation) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Temperature |  |  | -25 to $+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (no freezing) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Storage Humidity |  |  | 20 to 90\% RH (no condensation) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vibration Resistance |  |  | 10 to 55 Hz , amplitude 0.375 mm , 2 hours each in 3 axes, 6 directions (in combination with PS6R-F24/G24/J24) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shock Resistance |  |  | $300 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ ( $150 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ when using a PS9Z-6R1F panel mounting bracket), 3 times each in 6 directions (in combination with PS6R-F24/G24/J24) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EMC |  | EMI | EN61204-3 (Class B) (in combination with PS6R-F24/G24/J24) (Note 4) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | EMS | EN61204-3 (industrial) (in combination with PS6R-F24/G24/J24) (Note 4) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Safety Standards |  |  | UL508 (Listing), ANSI/ISA 12.12.01, CSA C22.2 No.107.1, No. 213 (c-UL listed), IEC/EN60950-1, EN50178 (in combination with PS6R-F24/G24/J24) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Marine Standards |  |  | ABS, DNV-GL (formerly GL) (in comination with PS6R-F24/G24/J24) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Degree of Protection |  |  | IP20 (IEC 60529) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight (approx.) |  |  | 90 g |  |  |  |  |  | 30 g |
| Terminal Screw |  |  | M3.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note 1: Ensure that the current does not exceed the rated current of the PS6R.
Note 2: Repair is needed when output drops due to overvoltage protection. Contact IDEC.
Note 3: For output derating curves and operating temperature approved by safety standards, see J-020.
Note 4: When using PS6R-F24/G24 with PS9Z-6RM3/6RM4/6RM6, coil each output lines of PS9Z-* around a ferrite core for one turn.
Note 5: DC-DC converter unit is non-isolated and cannot be used when insulation against PS6R output is required.
Note 6: Because each output has different start time on multi-output models, make sure of the correct operation before installation.

PS6R Switching Power Supplies

Operating Temperature vs. Output Current (Derating Curves) PS6R-F24/G24/J24
PS9Z-6R**
(natural air cooling)


Operating temperature is the temperature
around the switching power supply.
Operating Temperature approved by Safety Standards

| Part No. | UL508, CSA C22.2 No. 107.1 | EN60950-1, EN50178 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PS6R-F24 | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| PS6R-G24 | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| PS6R-J24 | $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| PS9Z-6R $* *$ | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

## Parts Description

PS6R-F24/G24/J24
Switching Power Supply

PS9Z-6RM1/M2/M5
DC-DC Converter Unit

(PS6R-6RM5 shown)

PS9Z-6RM3/M4/M6 DC-DC Converter Unit

(PS6R-6RM3 shown)

Overcurrent Protection Characteristics PS9Z-6RM*


## Switches \&

 Pilot Lights Control BoxesEmergency Stop Switches Enabling Switches

PS9Z-6RS1 Expansion Terminal Unit


Controllers

## Operator

Operator
Interfaces

## Sensors

AUTO-ID

PS6R-F24/G4/J24/PS9Z-6RS1

| Marking | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| L, N | Input Terminal | Voltage range: 85 to 264 V AC/110 to 350 V DC |
| $\left(\frac{\text { Ground Terminal }}{}\right.$ +V, -V | DC Output Terminals | Be sure to connect this terminal to a proper ground. |
| VR.ADJ | Output Voltage Adjustment | + V: Positive output terminal <br> $-\mathrm{V}:$ Negative output terminal |
| DC ON | Operation Indicator (green) | Allows adjustment within $\pm 10 \%$. Turning clockwise increases the output voltage. |
| DC LOW | Output Low Indicator (Amber) | Lights on when the output voltage drops approximately $80 \%$ of the rated value. |
| DC OK | DC OK Output | Lights on when the output voltage is more than $80 \%$ of the rated value. <br> NPN transistor output (50V DC max., 50 mA max.) |

PS9Z-6RM*

| Marking | Name | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $+5 \mathrm{~V},+12 \mathrm{~V},+15 \mathrm{~V}$ | DC Output Terminal | +5 V side,+12 V side,+15 V side: + output side |
| $-5 \mathrm{~V},-12 \mathrm{~V},-15 \mathrm{~V}$ | DC Output Terminal | -5 V side,-12 V side, -15 V side: - output side |
| COM | DC Output Terminal | 0 V side (wired internally to -V of PR6R-F24/G24/J24) |



PS6R Switching Power Supplies


## Side-mount Panel Mounting Bracket

PS9Z-6R2F


When a PS9Z-6R1F is installed on PS6R


When a PS9Z-6R2F is installed on PS6R

(Side view)

(Back view)

|  | PS6R-F24 | PS6R-G24 | PS6R-J24 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | - | 10.5 | 23 |
| B | 39.3 | 62.3 | 87.3 |
| C | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 |
| D | 29.5 | 31 | 31 |
| E | 58 | 81 | 106 |

When using a PS9Z-6RS1
Expansion Terminal Unit



Switches \&
Pilot Lights
Control Boxes
Emergency
Stop Switches
Enabling Switches
Safety Products
Explosion Proof
Terminal Blocks
Relays \& Sockets
Circuit

| Protectors |
| ---: |
| Power Supplies |

LED Illumination


## Operator

Interfaces
Sensors
AUTO-ID
Do not close the top and bottom openings of the PS6R to allow for heat radiation by convection.

- Maintain a minimum of 20 mm clearance around the PS6R, except for the top and bottom openings.
- When derating of the output does not work, provide forced air-cooling
- Make sure to wire the ground terminal correctly.
- Recommended tightening torque of the input and output terminals is 1.0 to 1.3 N•m (UL compliant: 0.8 N•m).
- The output voltage can be adjusted within $\pm 10 \%$ of the rated output voltage by using the V.ADJ control. Note that overvoltage protection may work when increasing the output voltage.
- When large shocks or heavy vibrations on the PS6R are expected, the use of DIN rail or PS9Z-6R2F side-mount panel mounting bracket is recommended.
- For wiring, use wires with heat resistance of $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or higher. Use copper wire of the following sizes. Wires of the following size must be used to comply with UL508, CSA C22.2 No. 107.1.

| Model | Terminal | Wire Size/No. of Wire | Wire Type | Torque, in-ibs ( $\mathrm{N} \cdot \mathrm{m}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { PS6R-F24 } \\ \text { PS6R-G24 } \end{array}$ | Input | 18-14 AWG, 1-wire | Copper Solid/Stranded | 7.0 (0.8) |
|  | Output | 18-14 AWG, 1-wire, (18 AWG - 7A, 16 AWG - 10A, 14 AWG-15A) |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { DC OK } \\ \text { Output } \end{array}$ | 22-14 AWG, 1-wire <br> (stripped wire length: 6 to 7 mm ) |  | - |
| PS6R-J24 | Input | 18-14 AWG, 1-wire |  | 7.0 (0.8) |
|  | Output | 18-14 AWG, 1-wire, 2-wire When using 2-wire, use the wire of the same size for each terminal (18 AWG - 7A, 16 AWG - 10A, 14 AWG - 15A) |  |  |
|  |  | 12 AWG, 1-wire | Copper Solid/Stranded Use with ULlisted ring/folk crimp terminal. |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline \text { DC OK } \\ \text { Output } \end{array}$ | 22-14 AWG, 1-wire <br> (stripped wire length: 6 to 7 mm ) | Copper <br> Solid/Stranded | - |
| PS9Z-6R* | Output | 18-14 AWG, 1-wire (18 AWG - <br> 7A, 16 AWG -10A, 14 AWG - 15A) |  | 7.0 (0.8) |

Cross section:
AWG22: $0.33 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, AWG20: $0.52 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, AWG18: $0.82 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
AWG16: $1.31 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, AWG14: $2.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$, AWG12: $3.3 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$
electric shock, fire, or malfunction may occur.

- Blown fuses indicate that the internal circuits are damaged. Contact IDEC for repair. Do not just replace the fuse and reoperate, otherwise electric shock, fire, or malfunction may occur.
- Do not use the switching power supplies to charge rechargeable batteries.
- Do not overload or short-circuit the switching power supply for a long period of time, otherwise the internal elements may be damaged.
- Do not disassemble, repair, or modify the power supplies, otherwise the high voltage internal part may cause electric shock, fire, or malfunction.
- The fuse inside the PS6R switching power supply is for AC input. Use DC fuse for DC input.


## Applicable Crimp Terminal (reference)



## Mounting on DIN Rails

- Fasten the DIN rail to a mounting plate using screws.
- When mounting the PS6R on a DIN rail, place the PS6R as shown. With the clamp inserted, press the PS6R towards the DIN rail.
- Use end clips BNL6 for fastening the PS6R on the DIN rail. When using with a PS9Z-6RM* DC-DC converter unit, install the BNL6 on the left side of the PS6R first.


## Removal

- Insert a flat screwdriver into the slot in the clamp, and pull out the clamp until it clicks. Turn the PS6R bottom out. When mounting the PS6R again, push in the latch first.


## Mounting



Installing the PS9Z-6R1F Panel Mounting Bracket
When excessive vibration or shock is anticipated, use the PS9Z-6R2F side-mount panel mounting bracket.

1. Push in the latch on the PS6R and insert the tab on the panel mounting bracket into the slot on the PS6R.

Panel Mounting Bracket
PS9Z-6R1F

2. Install the bracket as shown below.

3. Ensure that the panel mounting bracket is locked by the latch.


Installing the PS9Z-6R2F Panel Mounting Bracket
Install the bracket on the PS6R using the M3 $\times 6$ countersunk mounting screws supplied with the bracket.
Recommended tightening torque: 0.5 to $0.6 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$


## Adjustment of Output Voltage

The output voltage can be adjusted within $\pm 10 \%$ of the rated output voltage by using the VR.ADJ control on the front. Turning the VR.ADJ clockwise increases the output voltage. When using a higher output voltage, reduce the output current to make sure that the output capacity is within the rating. Note that overvoltage protection may work when increasing the output voltage.

## Overcurrent Protection

The output voltage drops automatically when an overcurrent flows due to an overload or short circuit. Normal voltage is automatically restored when the load returns to normal conditions.

## Overvoltage Protection (OVP)

## PS6R-F24/G24/J24 Power Supplies

When the output voltage has dropped due to an overvoltage, turn the input off, and after one minute, turn the input on again.
PS9Z-6RM* DC-DC Converter Unit
Internal parts are damaged when the output voltage had dropped due to overvoltage. Contact IDEC.

## Insulation/Dielectric Test

When performing an insulation/dielectric test, short-circuit the input (between L and N ) and output (between +V and -V . Do not apply or interrupt the voltage quickly, otherwise surge voltages may be generated and the PS6R may be damaged.

## Notes for Operation

1. Output interruption may indicate blown fuses. Contact IDEC.
2. The PS6R contains an internal fuse for $A C$ input. When using DC input, install an external fuse or DC input. To avoid blown fuses, select a fuse in consideration of the rated current of the internal fuse.
Rated Current of Internal Fuses

| Part No. | Internal Fuse Rated Current |
| :---: | :---: |
| PS6R-F24 | 4 A |
| PS6R-G24 | 6.3 A |
| PS6R-J24 | 10 A |

- Avoid overloads and short-circuits for a long period of time, otherwise internal elements may be damaged.
- DC input operation is not subjected to safety standards.

Rust and Scratches on Housing, Frame, and Metal
Parts Bonded steel plates and hot-dip galvanized steel plates are used for the PS6R switching power supplies, and may develop scratches on the surface on the edge depending on the storage condition.

## Noise

Small acoustic noise inside the power supply may be heard depending on the input voltage and load, but the performance of the PS6R is not affected.

## PS6R Switching Power Supplies

Operating Instructions

## Series Operation

The following series operation is allowed. Connect Schottky barrier diodes D as shown below. DC-DC converter unit cannot be connected in series.


Select a Schottky diode in consideration of the rated current. The diode's reverse voltage must be higher than the PS6R's output voltage.
Parallel Operation
Parallel operation is possible to increase the output capacity.
DC-DC converter unit cannot be connected in parallel.


When increasing the capacity, observe the followings.

1. Maintain the operating temperature below $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
2. Output cannot be connected directly in parallel operation. Connect a diode to the output of each PS6R.
3. Output terminal voltage of both power supplies must be the same. Also, maintain the voltage difference between the power supplies below 30 mV .
4. Use load lines of the same diameter and length.
5. Set the output voltage higher for the amount of diode forward voltage drop.
6. Turn on the inputs at the same time.
7. Select a diode in consideration of:

Diode's reverse voltage must be higher than the PS6R's output voltage.
Diode's current must be three times as the PS6R's output current.
Provide a heat sink for heat dissipation.

## Backup Operation

Backup operation is a connection method of two switching power supplies in parallel for emergency. Normally one switching power supply has a sufficient output. If one switching power supply fails, another one operates to continue the output. Make sure that the sum of power consumption by load and diode is not greater than the rated wattage (rated voltage $\times$ rated current) of one switching power supply.

LED Illumination

| Controllers |
| ---: |
| Operator <br> Interfaces |
| Sensors |
| AUTO-ID |

Operating Instructions

## Warranty

IDEC warrants the PS6R switching power supply for a period of three years from the date of shipment.

## Scope

IDEC agrees to free repair or replacement of the PS6R switching power supply if the product has been operated under the following conditions. The maximum value of output capacity is within the range shown in "Operating Temperature vs.
Output Current on J-020.

1. Average operating temperature (ambient temperature of switching power supply) is $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at maximum.
2. The load is $80 \%$ at maximum.
3. Input voltage is the rated input voltage.
4. Standard mounting style

IDEC shall not be liable for other damages including consequential, contingent or incidental damages. Warranty does not apply if the PS6R switching power supply was subject to:

1. Inappropriate handling, or operation beyond the specifications.
2. Modification or repair by other than IDEC.
3. Failure caused by other than the PS6R switching power supply.
4. Failure caused by natural disasters.
